

Who Amnestied the Partisan Crimes?:

On Forgotten Partisan Barbarism and Croatian Victims

Today in the most elite quarter of Zagreb resides the chief orchestrator of the massacre in the Macelj woods Stjepan Hrsak where some 13.000 people were killed (of 134 mass graves identified in the area out of 22 the remains of 1,163 victims have been exhumed). In the weekly "Nedjeljna Dalmacija" of July 15th 1990 Simo Dubajic admitted the murder of 36,000 people in eight days in Kocevski Rog. How is it that in this and other cases our judiciary and "Human Rights" advocates have not reacted to this day? President Mesic twice privately lunched with Marko Belinic against whom the Croatian Domobran (regular army during the period 1941-45) Society filed criminal charges for, amongst other documented crimes, the killing of 236 prisoners who were flung into the Jazovka pit on Jan. 1st 1943. What kind of democracy is it where the President lunches with an individual accused of war crimes, and not only is there not a parliamentary inquiry but there is no mention of the fact either in the media or from the political opposition?

I have investigated communist crimes for some 30 years and agree with many foreign experts (Rummel, Scott, Heinsohn, etc.) that the communist revolution in former Yugoslavia killed some one million people. Zherjavices and other "demographic studies" are so worthless that they can be debunked even on the basis of articles which have appeared in the daily press (exhumations near Maribor and Slatinski Drenovac which yielded the remains of 1.633 victims, near Klinca Selo where 1.500 prisoners were killed in five locations, seven areas under mount Sljeme near Zagreb where 976 victims are buried are just a few of several hundred examples which have appeared in the printed press over the last several years). Today only a moral or intellectual idiot can negate this.

The establishment of communist Yugoslavia cost the Croatian people from 1941 to 1951 some 450.000 murdered civilians and prisoners of war, including 40.000 wounded and over 50.000 killed in battle. Proportional this is the equivalent of over TWENTY MILLION DEAD in the USA. And we allow these victims of the largest genocide in the history of southeastern Europe to be criminalized by their murderers and intellectual criminals who work in the vast majority of media in Croatia. The fact that the most beautiful square in Zagreb carries the name of the individual ranked as the fifth worst criminal of the 20th century (Josip Broz Tito) says all about the level of civilization and nation, and above all moral consciousness here. A society which allows such a level of historical falsification cannot be healthy.

In the daily "Politika" of February 1st 1951 chief of secret police Aleksandar Rankovic states: "Through our **jails** there passed from 1941 to 1951 3.777.776 persons and we liquidated 568.000 enemies of the people". The last number, of course, does not include some 100.000 inhabitants of the Independent State of Croatia killed from 1941 to the end of April 1945: After the fall of Travnik 2.200 in four days, 700 in Zemun the first night, 646 in Bihac from Nov. 3rd 1942 to Jan. 25th 1943, 386 in Srijemski Karlovci, 90.000 German prisoners of war, tens of thousands of victims who were not identified and who were thrown into pits, lakes, etc. During May, June and July 1945, so many corpses were carried by the Sava, Drava and other waterways that the Partisan press was forced to write about them.

The daily "Borba" of May 14th 1945 writes: "...Today and yesterday corpses flowed down the Sava river; all days eighty two who appear to have been killed recently were dragged out... They were dressed in the regional costumes of the Srijem and Zagorje region...". The area of Srijem since early mid-April was firmly in Partisan hands. Many who are still (!) portrayed as victims of the Ustasha soldiers in Jasenovac were murdered by the Partisans who filmed them and attributed them to the Ustasha fighters. Another point on which the "antifascists" remain mum is how many Serbs who did not have "an ideologically acceptable profile" they killed, 305 in the districts of Dreznica, Skare and Medak alone. From the Hague Tribunal and other responsible addresses like the UN Security Council through diplomatic channels we should continually ask only one question: Is international law applicable to all nations and parties?

In Chechenya the Russian forces since 1994 out of 880.000 indigenous inhabitants have so far killed 60.000 civilians, injured some 200.000 and expelled 400.000. Other than numerous documented massacres the use of disproportional force is already evident, contrary to the Geneva and Hague Conventions. Are the investigators under the way and when will indictments be raised against those who are responsible for the crimes?

Considering the way our diplomacy has functioned up to date, it would be better if we had none. While in the concentration camp in 1992 a dear friend of mine, half-dead from beatings (amongst other injuries his brain-fluid sack burst and drained from his nose) told me: "I regret nothing, it was for Croatia ". And today those who were and remain hardcore opponents of Croatian independence have the main say. In any other transitional country they would be in jail and not on television.

Jewish Crimes

A Zionist charlatan Efraim Zuroff came here to dispense moral lectures from a country whose air force in just two months in Lebanon killed more innocent civilians than Jews who were killed or died from all causes during the Independent State of Croatia. Israel has expelled 1.1 million Palestinians and Arabs, of 489 Palestinian villages 368 were razed to the ground and rocks thrown into wells so that the inhabitants do not return. In the villages of Deir Jasin and Dweima in 1948 and in Gaza in 1956 alone the Israeli army massacred at least 1300 civilians. Does it sit well with us to continually be intellectual, ideological and political slaves of foreign know-nothings and domestic Yugo-marxist clowns?

This is a translation of an article by **Davor Glasnovich** which appeared in the daily "*Slobodna Dalmacija*", Oct. 15, 2000